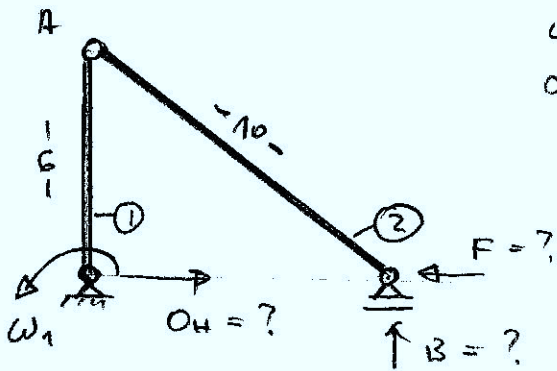


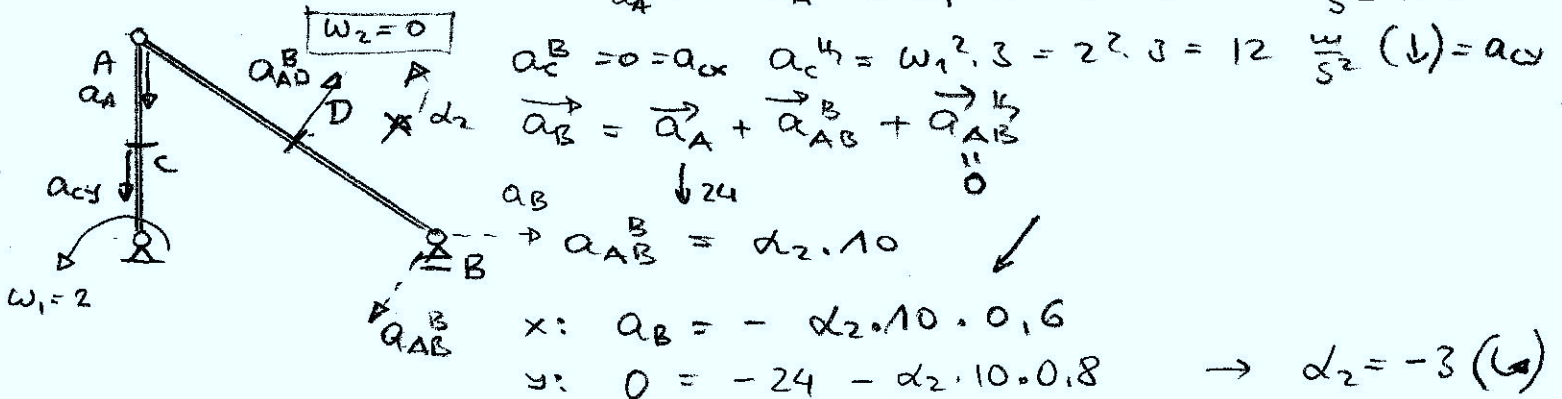
Вар. 2 - Могуца 2



$\omega_1 = 2 \text{ s}^{-1}$
 $\alpha_1 = 0$

$m_1 = 50 \text{ kg}$
 $m_2 = 10 \text{ kg/m} \rightarrow$
 $m_2 \times 10 = 100 \text{ kg}$

1. Кинемат. решение $a_A^B = 0$ $a_A^H = \omega_1^2 \cdot 6 = 2^2 \cdot 6 = 24 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} (\downarrow)$



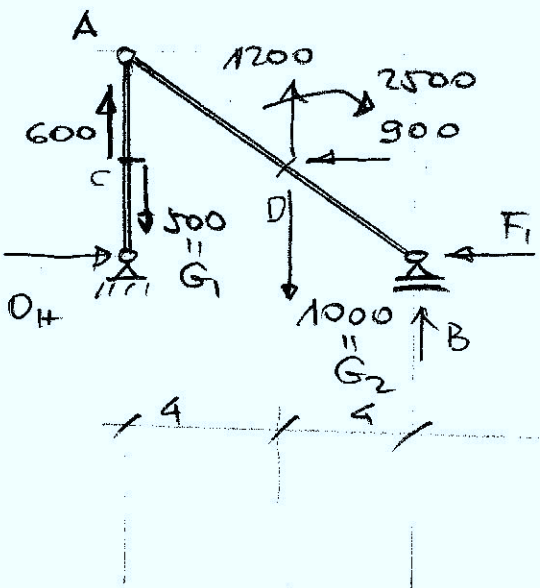
$\vec{a}_B = \vec{a}_A + \vec{a}_{AB} + \vec{a}_{AB}^B$
 $a_{AB}^B = \alpha_2 \cdot 10$
 $x: a_B = -\alpha_2 \cdot 10 \cdot 0,6$
 $y: 0 = -24 - \alpha_2 \cdot 10 \cdot 0,8 \rightarrow \alpha_2 = -3 (\curvearrowright)$

$a_{Dx} = 15 \cdot 0,6 = 9 \text{ m/s}^2 (\rightarrow)$
 $a_{Dy} = -24 + 15 \cdot 0,8 = -12 \text{ m/s}^2 (\downarrow)$

2. Инерционные силы

мгтяло ① $\Phi_{1x} = 0$ $\Phi_{1y} = m_1 a_{Ay} = 50 \cdot 12 = 600 \text{ N} (\uparrow)$
мгтяло ② $\Phi_{2x} = m_2 a_{Dx} = 100 \cdot 9 = 900 \text{ N} (\leftarrow)$
 $\Phi_{2y} = m_2 a_{Dy} = 100 \cdot 12 = 1200 \text{ N} (\uparrow)$
 $M_2 \Phi = J_2 \alpha_2 = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 100 \cdot 10^2 \cdot 3 = 2500 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} (\curvearrowright)$

3. Условия 30 для мучно равновесие.



$\sum M_A^{①} = 0$ $O_H \cdot 6 = 0 \rightarrow O_H = 0$
 $\sum H^{①, ②} = 0$
 $-F_1 - 900 + 0 = 0 \rightarrow F_1 = -900 \text{ N} (\rightarrow)$
 $\sum M_A^{②} = 0$
 $B \cdot 8 + 900 \cdot 6 + 200 \cdot 4 - 900 \cdot 3 - 2500 = 0$
 $B = -125 \text{ N} (\downarrow)$